

Learning & Evaluation Snapshot: Implementation Year 1

HARVEY, ILLINOIS Uplift Harvey

MOBILITY LABs

Learning and Action Bets

POWERED BY ROBIN HOOD

NORTHEAST PENNSYLVANIA NEPA Mobility LABs

NEWYORK, NEWYORK

- Brownsville Hub Cooperative: Brownsville, Brooklyn
- Bronx Leadership and Organizing Center: South Bronx
- Flushing Mobility Collaborative: Flushing, Queens

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

Baltimore Communities Assisting and Advancing Neighbors (BCAAN): Penn North Mobility LABs is a national investment led by the Robin Hood Foundation and supported by multiple funding partners. The initiative partners with local organizations in nine communities to develop community-driven solutions to sustainably lift families out of poverty.

BAY AREA, CALIFORNIA

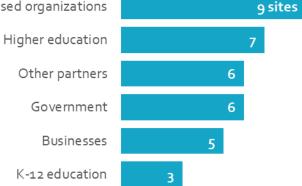
- Jobs to Grow: East San Jose
- Community Economic Mobility Vehicle (CEMVe): Southeast San Francisco
- Mobility LABs of Contra Costa: Antioch, East Contra Costa County

MOBILITY FROM POVERTY has three

dimensions: economic stability, power and autonomy, and belonging and inclusion. All sites worked on making changes across the three dimensions at the individual, community, organization, and systems-levels.



Most Mobility LABs anchor partners worked with community-based and higher education partner organizations.



SITES WERE MOST PROUD OF...



Building partnerships

- Baltimore built a cohesive network of partnering organizations.
- Flushing initiated new partnerships to destigmatize conversations around poverty.
- South Bronx recruited new partners and facilitated a launch event.
- San Francisco established partnerships and built relationships with community residents.



Growing confidence and skills

- San Jose increased confidence and skills among entrepreneurship cohort members and among Community Navigators.
- **Harvey** increased confidence and skills among youth participating in its summer youth internship program.

Other accomplishments

- Northeastern Pennsylvania launched Parent Pathways, a program to connect single parents to education/career and created a transportation support fund.
- Brownsville developed a community blueprint to achieve economic mobility.
- East Contra Costa provided financial assistance to 300 families and started leadership training and coaching.

FACTORS AFFECTING WORK



COVID-19 PANDEMIC impacted **all** sites in their public-facing and internal operations.

"This situation made us reimagine how [we] participate, engage, and provide resources in the community."



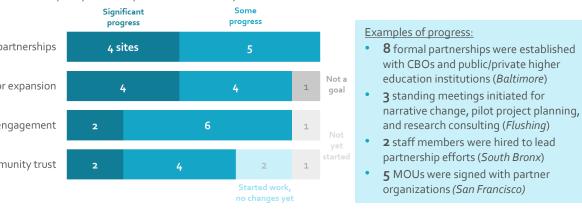
STAFFING ISSUES at anchor

organizations, such as turnover and hiring delays, impacted **5 of the 9** sites.

"The Collaborative has found it **difficult** to recruit and staff our work in a timely manner."

What progress have sites made toward mobility from poverty in 2021-2022?

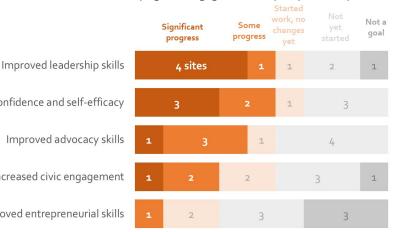
PARTNERSHIP AND NETWORK development showed the most progress. Sites are setting up the structures and building the capacity necessary to advance mobility in their communities.



Increased collaboration and partnerships Network development or expansion Increased community engagement Increased community trust

LEADERSHIP AND ADVOCACY

saw significant progress, especially in building skills and leader confidence. Some sites are delaying civic engagement and policy advocacy work into 2022-2023.



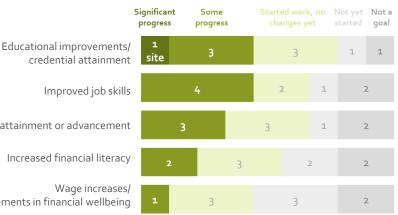
Examples of progress:

- **47%** increase in knowledge of local government roles from the training (Harvey)
- 65% of participants joined at least 1 or more advocacy opportunities throughout the 6-month program (San Jose)
- 3 members of the first leadership training cohort moved into leadership/facilitation roles in the community meetings (E. Contra Costa)

Increased confidence and self-efficacy Improved advocacy skills Increased civic engagement Improved entrepreneurial skills

EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT

showed some progress: sites that are providing direct services in these areas have started seeing improvements in educational outcomes and job skills.



Examples of progress:

- 87 residents received their OSHA Site Safety Certification (Brownsville)
- Participants at two sites reported gaining skills or tools that they would use in the future:
 - 93% of summer jobs participants (Harvey)
 - 94-96% of childcare/food entrepreneur respondents (San Jose)

credential attainment Improved job skills lob attainment or advancement

Increased financial literacy

Wage increases/ improvements in financial wellbeing

SYSTEMS AND COMMUNITY CHANGE

is the most difficult and long-term, however, most sites are thinking about how their work will scale up to these levels.



Examples of progress:

- 26 episodes hosted in local radio program (Brownsville)
- Created survey and plan for NEPA Mobility Tracker to better understand mobility in the area and inform future efforts (NEPA)



FINDING

PROMISE FUELING

Methods. Findings come from the 2021 Mobility LABs Learning Tool, a survey to collect information about Mobility LABs implementation efforts and emerging outcomes from Implementation Year 1 (approx. February 2021 through May 2022).